GRAYIN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

**v.** 

APRIL DAVIS,

Defendant.

OPINION/REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION
REGARDING PLEA OF GUILTY IN FELONY CASE

Criminal Case No: 1:14-cr-62

This matter has been referred to the undersigned Magistrate Judge by the District Court for

purposes of conducting proceedings pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11. Defendant,

April Davis, in person and by counsel, Stephen Jory, appeared before me on September 23, 2014. The

Government appeared by John Parr, its Assistant United States Attorney. The Court determined that

Defendant would enter a plea of "Guilty" to a one-count Information.

The Court proceeded with the Rule 11 proceeding by placing Defendant under oath.

The Court determined that Defendant's plea was pursuant to a written plea agreement, and asked

the Government to tender the original to the Court. The Court asked counsel for the Government if the

agreement was the sole agreement offered to Defendant. Counsel for the Government indicated that a

prior agreement had been offered to Defendant on the previous Indictment in Criminal No. 1:14-cr-39,

and counsel for Defendant confirmed the same. The Court inquired whether counsel for Defendant had

discussed both agreements with Defendant, and counsel responded that he had. The Court asked counsel

for the Government to summarize the written plea agreement. Defendant stated that the agreement as

summarized by counsel for the Government was correct and complied with her understanding of the

agreement. The Court ORDERED the written plea agreement filed and found the requirements of

Missouri v. Frye, 132 S. Ct. 1399 (2012), to be satisfied.

The Court inquired whether Defendant was a citizen of the United States. Defendant responded that she was a citizen. The undersigned asked Defendant whether she understood that if she were not a citizen of the United States, by pleading guilty to a felony charge she would be subject to deportation at the conclusion of any sentence; that she would be denied future entry into the United States; and that she would be denied citizenship if she ever applied for it. Defendant stated that she understood.

Thereupon, the Court inquired of Defendant concerning her understanding of her right to have an Article III Judge hear the entry of her guilty plea and her understanding of the difference between an Article III Judge and a Magistrate Judge. Defendant stated in open court that she voluntarily waived her right to have an Article III Judge hear her plea and voluntarily consented to the undersigned Magistrate Judge hearing her plea, and tendered to the Court a written Waiver of Article III Judge and Consent To Enter Guilty Plea Before the United States Magistrate Judge, which waiver and consent was signed by Defendant and countersigned by Defendant's counsel and was concurred in by the signature of the Assistant United States Attorney appearing.

Upon consideration of the sworn testimony of Defendant, as well as the representations of her counsel and the representations of the Government, the Court finds that the oral and written waiver of Article III Judge and consent to enter guilty plea before a Magistrate Judge was freely and voluntarily given and the written waiver and consent was freely and voluntarily executed by Defendant, April Davis, after having had her rights fully explained to her and having a full understanding of those rights through consultation with her counsel, as well as through questioning by the Court. The Court **ORDERED** the written Waiver and Consent filed.

The undersigned Magistrate Judge inquired of Defendant and her counsel relative to Defendant's knowledge and understanding of her constitutional right to proceed by Indictment and the voluntariness

of her Consent to Proceed by Information and of her Waiver of her right to proceed by Indictment.

Defendant and her counsel then verbally acknowledged their understanding and Defendant, under oath, acknowledged her voluntary waiver of her right to proceed by Indictment and her agreement to voluntarily proceed by Information. Defendant and her counsel executed a written Waiver of Indictment.

The undersigned Magistrate Judge then received and **ORDERED** the Waiver of Indictment and the Information filed and made a part of the record herein.

The undersigned then reviewed with Defendant the Information, including the elements the United States would have to prove at trial, charging her with aiding and abetting the fraudulent obtaining possession of a controlled substance, in violation of 21 U.S.C. §§ 843(a)(3), 843(d)(1), and 18 U.S.C. § 2. The undersigned reviewed with Defendant the statutory penalties applicable to an individual adjudicated guilty of the felony charge contained in the Information. From said review the undersigned Magistrate Judge determined Defendant understood the nature of the charge pending against her; understood that the possible statutory maximum sentence which could be imposed upon her conviction or adjudication of guilty on that charge was imprisonment for a term of not more than four (4) years; a fine of not more than \$250,000.00, or both imprisonment and a fine; and a term of supervised release of not more than one (1) year. Defendant further understood the Court would impose a special assessment of \$100.00 for the felony conviction payable before the date of sentencing and understood that the Court may require her to pay the costs of her incarceration and supervised release.

The Court then inquired of Defendant regarding her understanding of her conditional waiver of appellate rights as contained in the written plea agreement, as follows:

Ct. Now under certain circumstances, you're able to appeal your conviction and sentence to the Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals under 18 U.S.C. § 3742, do you know that?

Def. Yes, sir.

Ct. And, uh, you have to give notice of intent to appeal within 14 days of sentencing. Were you aware of that?

Def. Yes, sir.

Ct. You may also file what is called a collateral attack under 28 U.S.C. § 2255. That attacks the sentence and how the sentence is being carried out. It's commonly called a habeas corpus motion.

Do you understand about that?

Def. Yes, sir.

Ct. Now, if, under your written plea agreement—I'm going to direct you to paragraph 11, paragraph 11 says that if the Court sentences you to, quote, at a base offense level of 8 or lower, including those grounds set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3742, basically what you're doing is waiving under that section any right of appeal if your base offense level is 8 or lower and the sentence is consistent with it. Let me repeat that. Do you understand that if the District Judge's actual sentence is the same as or consistent with a Guideline calculated sentence with a base offense level, which is the starting point, of 8 or lower, then you give up your right to file an appeal to the Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals?

Def. Yes, sir.

Ct. Did you intend to give up that right?

Def. Yes, sir.

Ct. Under that condition?

Def. Yes, sir.

Ct. Did you understand paragraph 11 of your written plea agreement when you signed it?

Def. Yes, sir.

Ct. Did you and Mr. Jory fully go over that?

Def. Yes, sir.

Ct. Is there anything about your waiver of that right under those conditions that you now want to review with Mr. Jory?

Def. No, sir.

Ct. Has anything about your understanding of the waiver in that paragraph changed since you signed the agreement and today?

Def. No, sir.

Upon consideration of all which, the Court finds Defendant understood her appellate rights and knowingly and voluntarily waived those rights pursuant to the condition in the plea agreement.

Defendant thereafter stated in open court she understood and agreed with the terms of the written plea agreement as summarized by the Assistant United States Attorney during the hearing, and that it contained the whole of her agreement with the Government and no promises or representations were made to her by the Government other than those terms contained in the written plea agreement. The undersigned Magistrate Judge further examined Defendant relative to her knowledgeable and voluntary execution of the written plea bargain agreement signed by her and determined the entry into said written plea agreement was both knowledgeable and voluntary on the part of Defendant. The Court further determined that Defendant was competent to proceed with the Rule 11 plea hearing.

The undersigned Magistrate Judge inquired of Defendant, her counsel, and the Government as to the non-binding recommendations and stipulations contained in the written plea bargain agreement and determined that Defendant understood, with respect to the plea bargain agreement and to Defendant's

entry of a plea of guilty to the felony charge contained in the Information, the undersigned Magistrate Judge would write the subject Report and Recommendation and would further order a pre-sentence investigation report be prepared by the probation officer attending the District Court, and only after the District Court had an opportunity to review the pre-sentence investigation report, would the District Court adjudicate the Defendant guilty of the felony offense contained in the Information and make a determination as to whether to accept or reject any recommendation or the stipulation contained within the plea agreement or pre-sentence report. The undersigned reiterated to the Defendant that the District Judge may not agree with the recommendations or stipulations contained in the written agreement. The undersigned Magistrate Judge further advised Defendant, in accord with Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11, that in the event the District Court Judge refused to follow the non-binding recommendations or stipulations contained in the written plea agreement and/or sentenced her to a sentence which was different from that which she expected, she would not be permitted to withdraw her guilty plea. Defendant and her counsel each acknowledged their understanding and Defendant maintained her desire to have her plea of guilty accepted.

Defendant also understood that her actual sentence could not be calculated until after a presentence report was prepared and a sentencing hearing conducted. The undersigned also advised, and Defendant stated that she understood, that the Sentencing Guidelines are no longer mandatory, and that, even if the District Judge did not follow the Sentencing Guidelines or sentenced her to a higher sentence than she expected, she would not have a right to withdraw her guilty plea. Defendant further stated her attorney showed her how the advisory guideline chart worked but did not promise her any specific sentence at the time of sentencing. Defendant stated that she understood her attorney could not predict or promise her what actual sentence she would receive from the sentencing judge at the sentencing

hearing. Defendant further understood there was no parole in the federal system, although she may be able to earn institutional good time, and that good time was not controlled by the Court, but by the Federal Bureau of Prisons and that she would not be eligible to earn good time if her sentence of incarceration was for a year or less.

Usually, the Court would hear the testimony of a Government witness to provide an independent basis in fact for Defendant's plea. However, the parties stipulated that the Government would provide a proffer to support such an independent basis in fact. The Government proffered that Defendant and her mother, Angela Davis, came to the attention of law enforcement during their investigation into Mario Blount, who at that time was the chief pharmacist at Best Care Pharmacy in Bridgeport, West Virginia, within the Northern District of West Virginia. Officers learned that Defendant and her mother were addicted to both oxycodone and oxymorphone and often presented improper prescriptions to Blount to be filled. The scripts were suspicious because they were purportedly signed by an emergency room doctor for a 30-day supply, contrary to emergency room practice. Specifically, on August 5, 2013, while Defendant and her mother were both in Marietta, Georgia, Defendant provided her mother with a script purportedly signed by a doctor at the hospital located in Marietta. Defendant's mother brought the script back to Bridgeport, where it was filled by Dr. Blount on August 7, 2013. Defendant's mother would often send the obtained substances to Defendant by way of FedEx packages.

Defendant, April Davis, in the presence of her counsel, Stephen Jory, proceeded to enter a verbal plea of **GUILTY** to the felony charge contained in the Information.

Defendant stated she heard, understood, and agreed with the testimony of the Government's proffer. From said proffer, the undersigned Magistrate Judge concludes the offense charged in the Information and the plea of guilty to that charge are supported by an independent basis in fact concerning

each of the essential elements of such offense.

Upon consideration of all of the above, the undersigned Magistrate Judge finds that Defendant is fully competent and capable of entering an informed plea; Defendant is aware of and understood her right to have an Article III Judge hear and accept her plea and elected to voluntarily consent to the undersigned United States Magistrate Judge hearing her plea; Defendant understood her right to have her charges presented in an Indictment and knowingly, freely and voluntarily elected to proceed by Information; Defendant understood the charges against her; Defendant understood the consequences of her plea of guilty, including the statutory maximum sentence; Defendant made a knowing and voluntary plea of guilty to the Information; and Defendant's plea is independently supported by the Government's proffer, which provides, beyond a reasonable doubt, proof of each of the essential elements of the charge to which Defendant has pled guilty.

The undersigned Magistrate Judge therefore recommends Defendant's plea of guilty to the charge contained in the one-count Information herein be accepted conditioned upon the Court's receipt and review of this Report and Recommendation.

The undersigned further directs that a pre-sentence investigation report be prepared by the adult probation officer assigned to this case.

Defendant is released pursuant to the conditions of release set forth in Criminal Action No. 1:14-cr-39-3.

Any party may, within fourteen (14) days after being served with a copy of this Report and Recommendation, file with the Clerk of the Court written objections identifying the portions of the Report and Recommendation to which objection is made, and the basis for such objection. A copy of such objections should also be submitted to the Honorable Irene M. Keeley, United States District Judge.

Failure to timely file objections to the Report and Recommendation set forth above will result in waiver

of the right to appeal from a judgment of this Court based upon such report and recommendation. 28

U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); United States v. Schronce, 727 F.2d 91 (4th Cir. 1984), cert. denied, 467 U.S. 1208

(1984); Wright v. Collins, 766 F.2d 841 (4th Cir. 1985); Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140 (1985).

The undersigned directs the clerk to file the Court's plea script as Exhibit 1 to this Report and

Recommendation.

The Clerk of the Court is directed to send a copy of this Report and Recommendation to counsel

of record.

Respectfully submitted this 24th day of September, 2014.

John Ø. Kaull

JOHN S. KAULL

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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